

SEPTEMBER MEETING

The September meeting will be September 18, 1994, 6:00 PM Keowee-Toxaway State Park Meeting House.

This is our first meeting of the fall season and will be our customary covered dish supper. Please bring enough food and drinks for you and your guest and also your own eating utensils. The chapter will furnish ice, paper plates, cups and napkins.

This event is a good time to share your summer research as well as visit with our spouses and other guest. There will be a brief business meeting following the meal.

PENDLETON DISTRICT NEWSLETTER

Volume 8 No.7 SEPTEMBER 1994

BOOKS FOR SALE: The following books are available for sale from the chapter:

Oconee County Cemetary Survey Vol I Pickens County Cemetary Survey Vol. I and II @\$25.00 per copy (includes postage

Pickens District Census Records 1830
Pickens District, SC 1866 Tax List
1868 Voter Registration Oconee & Pickens Cos., SC
@\$10.00 per copy (includes postage)

Make checks payable to Old Pendleton District SCGS c/o Mrs.Doris Foster 210 Chartwell Pt. Rd. Seneca, SC 29678

WELCOME NEW MEMBERS

Thomas L. Roberts, 4318 Camp Highland Rd, Smyrna, GA 30080 (Individual)

Researching: Roberts, Joseph SC; Watherford, Elisha, SC; Forrister, Thomas, SC (Spartanburg Co.?);
Bailey, James, SC; S mith, John Wesley, SC; Sumner, Benjamin, Old Pendleton Dist, SC;
Smith, Buckner, Pickens Dist, SC, George, Martha, SC.

George Stephens, PO Box 350, Dequincy, LA 70633

The Old Darlington District Chapter invite members of fellow chapters to particiapte in a genealogical worshop on Saturday October 8th, at Coker College in Hartsville as part of Hartsville Heritage Days. Brent Holcom will be the featured speaker. Topic - Pee Dee Area Genealogy; Time - 9:00 AM to 11:00 AM

The Old Darlington District Chapter wishes to announce the recent publication of <u>Darlington District</u>, <u>SC</u>, <u>Cemetery Survey Vol. II</u>

The Pee Dee Chapter is pleased to announce the reprinting of "A HISTORY OF MARION COUNTY, SC", By W.W. Sellers. It is being offered on a prepaid basis for \$35.00 (postage included) until December 31, 1994. After printing the price will be \$45.00. Make check payable to: The Pee Dee Chap. SCGS, PO Box 1428, Marion, SC 29571

FAMILY HISTORY BOOKS NOW AVAILABLE

"The Cromer Family" Copies can be ordered for \$35 from Luther W. Hampton, Jr, 8115 Greenbrook Rd., Columbia, SC 29223

"Easrly Hendersons of South Carolina" Copies can be ordered for \$29.95 + \$3:00 SH from R.H. Henderson, 119 Pinewood Dr., Greer SC 29651

QUERIES

Seeking information on ALEXANDER ROBERTSON, JR (sic) and his son, John Robinson, and grandson, Amos Garrett Robinson. Also, JAMES ROGERS, and wife Ann Camp, of the Pickens area, ca 1780. Larry E. Tyner, 5439 East Larkspur Dr., Scottsdale, Arizona 85254-4256

Seeking information about parents of **GEORGE GOTHARD** b. in SC c. 1795. George Gothard served in War of 1812 as substitue for Edward Garrtett of Laurens Dist. . George moved to Rhea Co., Tenn. in 1815/16. Donald E. Wolf, 2575 Bennett Ridge Rd., Santa Rosa, CA 95404

Revolutionary War Soldiers - The following is a continuation from the June issue of short biographis on Anderson Co SC 1840 Revolutionary War Soldier, Microfilm M704 Roll 507 submitted for publication by Linda Cheek.

The Old Pendleton Chapter extends its deepest-sympathy to Julie Woodson and her family upon the death of her husband William E. Woodson. His presence will be sorely missed by all who knew him.

11. HARMON CUMMINS--Applied for pension 25 March 1819 in Pendleton District, South Carolina, droped under Act 1 May 1820--Applied again 11 Sept 1833. Enlisted in spring 1776 at Sharpsburg, Frederick, now Washington County Maryland within three miles of where he then lived--served in Capt. Cochran's Co. 8th Virginia Line under Col. P. Muhlenberg and marched to Shepherdstown, Fredericksburg and Williamsburg. The 8th Regiment was then sent to Carolina and he was attached to 1st Virginia Infantry commanded by Gen. Mercer and Fleming--etc. wounded in leg at Germantown where he was taken prisoner--returned home and moved to Virginia. Raised in Frederick Co Maryland. South Carolina Rev. Pension No. S21701

Among the pioneer settlers in this section were two brothers-inlaw, Samuel Dean and Harmon Cummin. They had married sisters, Misses James, and the two families came from Maryland some years after the war. Mr Cummin had served as a soldier, but Mr Dean had been rejected upon the grounds of being more needed to keep the Indians in subjection. Mr Harom Cummin lived near Mountain Creek. None of his descendants are in this county now. He was captured once by the British and held on a prison ship. Once he was struck on the head with a great iron key and knocked senseless. He told many tales of the cruelty of the British to their prisoners. Before his death Mr Cummin became bed-ridden. The doctor of all that section of county then was Dr. Thompson, father of the late Dr. Richard E. Thompson. It is believed that Harmon Cummin is buried at Old Mountain Creek grave yard, but it is not certain. In the Dean section there is a spring still known as "The Cummin Spring".

History of Anderson Co., SC pg 71-72 by: Louise Ayer Vandiver

12. JOHN HARRIS--born 1762 d. 16 April 1845

John Harris Applied 9 Dec 1833 aged 71--served during the war under Colonels Andrew Williamston, Andrew Pickens of SC, Clark of Georgia, McCall and Sampson Matthews of Virginia. Under Captains Noble, McCall, Tucker and Johnson. He enlisted with his father at Little River, Abbeville Co., SC. Fought at Cowpens, was shot through the head at Savannah River. After the war he lived in Pendleton District and married a daughter of Gen. Andrew Pickens. From Harrisburg, Pennsylvania--lived at the confluence of Seneca River and Conneross Creek and called his home "Harrisburg". He was a member of the state convention of 1790, sheriff for a short term, and ordinary of Pendleton and Anderson District for about forty years. He practiced medicine and treated most of the prominent people of the district--He was a "Steam Doctor".

His children were: Andrew, Joseph P., Benjamin, Dr. Nathaniel and Eliza Harris who married a Mr. Burns. Rev. Pension No. 23234 History of Anderson Co., SC pg 77 by Louise Ayer Vandiver

Squire, John Harris (born 1762) died 16 April 1845 aged 83 married Mary Pickens, eldest daughter of General Andrew Pickens from Pennsylvania to Abbeville SC to Pendleton District after the Rev. War. Mary Pickens Harris lived to a venerable old age. Written by A.T. Harris of Seneca, SC 24 Nov 1857. History of Upper SC Vol. II pg. 50-51 by John H. Logan

Mary Harris, wife of John Harris, and eldest daughter of General Andrew Pickens, departed this life on the 27 May 1836. A member of the Presbyterian Church. Pendleton District Issue: 17 June 1836

General Andrew Pickens married Rebecca Calhoun 19 March 1765 d/o Ezekiel Calhoun.

John and Mary Pickens Harris had issue: Andrew Harris, John Harris, Rebecca Harris, Mary Harris, Ezekiel Harris, Nathaniel Harris, Thomas Harris, Joseph Harris, Eliza Harris and Benjamin Harris. History of Old Pendleton District and Genealogy of Leading Families pg 190-191 by Col. R.W. Simpson

John Harris, Esq. departed this life on Saturday the 16th April in the 84th year of his age. A tried soldier of the Revolution. He leaves a large family of children and grandchildren. Pendleton Messenger Issue: 2 May 1845

13. WILLIAM MOORE--South Carolina Rev. Pension No. S21391 born North Carolina--Pvt. South Carolina Line--Applied 16 May 1833 age 71.

Among the earliest settlers who came to this section were three brothers, Irish, who had lived for a time in Virginia. They were Eliab, Samuel and William Moore. They built rude cabin homes in the wilderness, that of Samuel was very near what is now High Shoals. Back in Ireland Samuel Moore left a dearly loved friend named Smith who with his wife and two children started on the long journey but while at sea Mr Smith died and was buried beneath the waves. His wife continued the journey with her children and after many trials they reached the home of her husband's friend, where they were warmly welcomed. They made their home with Samuel Moore and waited on his wife Mrs Moore who was almost an invalid. Mrs Smith rode over seventy miles of Tory infested country during the Revolutionary War to take Col. Moore clothes and food. After the war the Moores built Mrs Smith and her children a home near their own and Mrs Smith's descendents still live in the county. History of Anderson Co., SC pg 75 by Louise Ayer Vandiver

Sec. 1, Federal Census CENSUS RECORDS

FEDERAL CENSUS

Our First Census

As directed by the Constitution as a means obtain information on the actual number of inhabitants living in our early county, The First Census Act was sighed by President Washington on March 1, 1790.

The results of our first official Federal census were sent directly to President Washington and later turned over to the Secretary of State. The National Archives is responsible for administering these records and other basic records of the legislative, judicial, and excutive branches of our Government.

First State Census of the United States, 1790

The following are the original census enumerations for 1790. Schedules for some counties are missing. No schedules are known to exist for Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, New Jersey, Tennessee, and Virginia; apparently they were destroyed during the British attack on Washington during the War of 1812. The 1790 schedules for Virginia which appear on microfilm were reconstructed from State enumerations.

Original 1790 Census Schedules: 1. Connecticut, 2. Maine, 3. Maryland, 4. Massachusetts, 5. New Hampshire, 6. New York, 7. North Carolina, 8. Pennsylvania, 9. Rhode Island, 10. South Carolina, and 11. Vermont.

Genealogical Importance

Although no Federal records were created specifically to fulgfill the needs of genealogists, the federal census is considered to be the most important and richest source of information for genealogical research. Federal population and census schedules contain a wealth of information for the Campbell genealogists, historians, and researchers interested in topics such as westward expansion, the status of free and slave labor, regional and local history, and immigration.

Often the census also contains evidence for providing citizenship which may be the first step in determining from which county our earlier ancestors came.

The Campbell family historian is very fortunate that a hand our written surname is very free flowing, clear, and very easy to locate in micro filmed copies of early censuses.

Availability

The National Archives has microfilm copies of the original population schedules for 1790 - 1920 and are available for sale by the National Archives. Many area historic depositories and

libraries have copies of census enumerations and population schedules.

Census Information

As a rule, the information gathered in each successive census is progressively more detailed. The schedules for 1790 - 1840 show the names of enumerated heads of household only while other members of the household were simply tallied by age group, sex, and race.

All following enumerations list each individual by name, except for the slave schedules of 1850 and 1860 which show the name of the owner and the number of his slaves by age group and sex. The census of 1850 was the first to record each person's age, occupation if over age 15, and place of birth.

If the parent of a person enumerated in the census of 1870 was of foreign birth, that fact was indicated. The 1880 census added the relationship of each individual to the head of the household.

Mortality Schedules

Beginning in 1850 and through 1880, mortality schedules were taken by census enumerators. If a person died during the twelve-month period which preceded the taking of each of the census, the schedules show the name, the month and cause of death, and state, territory, or county of birth.

Missing Schedules

Most of the 1890 population schedules were destoyed by fire. Fragments do exist for the counties of the following states: Alabama, Illinios, New Jersey, North Carolina, Texas, Georgia, Minnesota, New York, Ohio, and District of Columbia.

Special Censuses

The National Archives also has the 1890 special schedules of Union veterans and widows of veterans for Washington, DC, about half of Kentucky, and for states in alphabetical order from Louisiana through Wyoming.

The schedules give the name and post office address of each living veteran and of each veteran's widow (along with the name of her deceased husband) and information about the service of each veteran named.

	CENSUS CATAGORY AND CONTENT	1790	1800	1810	1820	1830	1840
1.	Name - Head of family.	•	•	•	•	•	•
2.	Number of free white males in family under 16 years old.	•					
3.	Number of free white males in family over 16 years old.	•			-		
4.	Number of free white females in family over 16 years old.						
5.	Number of free white males and females in family. In age groups: under 10, 10-15, 15-25, 26-44, 45 & over.		•	•	•		
6.	Number of free white males and females in family, in 5 year age groups under 20 years of age.			. 1		•	•
7.	Number of free white males and females in family in 10 year age groups, 20-99 years.					•	•
8.	Number of free white males and females in family, 100 years of age and over.					•	•
9.	Number of free white males in family, ages 16-18.				•		
10.	Number of other other free persons.	•	• 2	• 4	• a,b	• c	•
11.	Number of slaves.	•	•	•	• d	• e	•
12.	Number of foreigners not naturalized.				•	•	
13.	Number of deaf and dumb (white & colored, separately).					€ {	•
14.	Number of blind (white & colored, separately).					•	•
15.	Number of insane or idiotic (white & colored, separately).						•
16.	Civil division of place of residence.	•	•	•	•	•	•
17.	Number of persons engaged in agriculture.				•	-	•
18.	Number of persons engaged in commerce.	· · ·			•		•
19.	Number of persons engaged in manufacture.	-		•	•		•
20.	Number of persons employed in mining.						•
21.	Number of persons employed in navigation of canals, lakes, and rivers.						•
22.	Number of persons employed in navigation of the ocean.						•
23.	Number of persons employed in the learned professions and engineers.						•
24.	Names and ages of pensioners for Revolutionary or military service.						•
25.	Number of white males over 21 years of age who cannot read or write.						•
6.	Number of scholars (of various types).	i					•
27.	Total number of persons in household.						•

	CENSUS CATAGORY AND CONTENT	1850	1860	1870	1880	1900	1910
1.	Name of every person whose usual place of abode on the census sate was in this household.	•	•	•	•	•	•
2.	Dwelling houses are numbered in the order of enumerator's visit.	•	•	•	•	•	•
3.	Families are numbered in order of enumerator's visit.	•	•	•	•	•	•
4.	Enumeration districts listed at top of pages.	•			•	•	•
5.	Post office addresses at top of pages.		•	•	•	•	•
6.	Street addresses given in cities				•	• s	•
7.	Age of every person at last birthday prior to census date.	j •	9	•	9	•	•
8.	Sex of every person.	•	•	•	•	•	•
9.	Color or race of every person.	k •	•	•	•	•	•
10.	Profession, occupation, or trade of every person.	, •	•	•	•	•	•
11.	Value of real estate owned by person.	•	•	•			
12.	Value of personal property owned by person.		•	•			
13.	Place of birth (state, territory, or county) of each person.	•	•	•	•	•	•
14.	Place of birth (state, territory, or county) of each person's father and mother	9			•	•	•
15.	If person was married within the census year.	, •	•	• ,	•		
16.	If person attended school within the census year.	j •	•	•	•	• _v	•
17.	If person could not read or write.	m •	•	•	•	•	•
18.	If person was deaf and dumb, blind, insane, idiotic.	n •	•	•	•		•
19.	If person was a pauper or a convict.	•	•				
20.	Month of birth if born within the year prior to census date.	j		•	•		
21.	If person's father/mother were of foreign birth.	q		•			
22.	If person was a male citizen of the U.S. age 21 or over.			•			
23.	If person was a male citizen, age 21 or over, whose right to vote was denied or abridged on grounds other than rebellion or other crime.			•			
24.	Relationship to head of of family.				•	•	•
25.	Civil (marital) condition.				•	•	•
26.	Time employed within census year.	1			•	•	•
27.	Sickness or disability, if person was sick or temporarily disabled (on date of enumerator's visit).				•	•	•
28.	If person was maimed, crippled bedridden, or disabled.				•		

	CENSUS CATAGORY AND CONTENT	1850	1860	1870	1880	1900	1910
1.	Length of time in U.S. and whether naturalized.					•	•
2.	If a farm or a home was owned or rented and whether owned property was mortgage free.					•	•
3.	Number of years of person's present marriage.					•	•
4.	If person spoke English.					•	•
5.	How many children a mother had had and how many were still living.					•	•
6.	If a person was a Civil War Veteran or widow.						•

General Notes

- a = Except Indians, who are not taxed.
- b = Free colored persons in age groups under 14, 14-25, 26-44, 45 and over by sex.
- c = Free colored person in age groups under 10, 10-23, 24-35, 36-54, 55-99, 100 and over by sex.
- d = In age groups under 14, 14-25, 26-44, 45 & over by sex.
- e = In age groups under 10, 10-23, 24-35, 36-54, 55-99, 100 and over by sex.
- f = In age groups under 14, 14-24, 25 & over. Slaves and free colored are grouped together.
- g = Those in public charge and those in private charge are listed separately.
- h = And the trades.
- j = Census date was June 1 for 1850-1900; April 15 for 1910
- k = In 18500 and 18600 this included white, black, and mulatto. In 1870 and 1880 it added Chinese and Indian. In 1900 and 1910 there was only a blank space to record "color or race".
- 1= The 1850 census included only males over 15; 1860 included all persons over 15; 1870 and 1880 in cluded all person; in 1900 it included all persons and indicated the type of business in which em ployed and "employer, employee, or working on own account."
- m = In 1850 and 1860 this specifically related to only

- persons over 20. In 1870 and later there were two separate columns. Also in 1880 and later, it identified those who "can," not those those who "cannot."
- n = In 1850, 1860, and 1870 the correct word was to be written in the column; in 1880 and 1910 there were separate columns, but 1910 included only "deaf and dumb" and "blind in both eyes."
- p = The correct word was to be written in the column.
- q = There are separate columns.
- r = Gives the specific month.
- s = Gives month and year of each person's birth.
- t = In 1880 and 1900 this figure is stated in number of months; in 1910 it is in number of weeks.
- u = Identifies language spoken.
- v = Asked for number of months attended, while all others only inquired as to whether the person attended school during the year.

For more information on census and population schedules, contact:

General Reference Branch National Archives and Records Service Washington, D.C. 20408

or contact your nearest regional archives center.

The Old Pendleton Dist. Chap. SCGS meets the third Wednesday as follows: JAN., FEB., MARCH, APRIL, JUNE, OCT. and NOV., at 7:30 PM in the second floor meeting room of SC Nat. Bank in Clemson on US 123 with speakers and programs to be announced. The MAY meeting is scheduled as a work session the third Wednesday, 7:30 PM, at the Faith Clayton Family Research Room, Central Wesleyan College, Central, SC. The SEPTEMBER meeting is a covered dish dinner meeting for members and their guests held on SUNDAY, before the third Wednesday, at 6 PM. Traditionally this meeting is held at Keowee State Park, Hwy. 11, Salem, SC.

The chapter does not meet or publish a newsletter JULY, AUGUST or DECEMBER.

EDITORIAL POLICY: Old Pendleton District Chapter encourages members to submit queries, articles and one-page pedigree charts that are ready for printing. They may be sent to Judy Millar, 1255 Dyar Rd., Seneca, SC2 29678.

1994 OFFICERS: Dell W. Millar, President, Robert Dodson, Vice President, William C. Whitten, Treasurer, Levinia Moore, Secretary, Judy Millar, Editor, Don Moore, State Rep.

MOVING? Please send change of address to: Judy Millar, 1255 Dyar Rd., Seneca, SC 29678.

OLD PENDLETON DISTRICT CHAPTER SC GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY 1255 DYAR ROAD SENECA, SC 29678